REQUIRED BY THE HEALTHY PAID SICK LEAVE AS WORKPLACES, HEALTHY FAMILIES ACTOR 201A BY: BASSIM W MICHAEL, CPA, CVA, MSTAX MICHAEL & TOM ANY, CPA A PROFESSIONAL BMICHAEL® BMICHAELCPA. GOM 1.811.11.TAXES

#### **BACKGROUND**

- On September 10, 2014, Governor Brown signed into law the "Healthy Workplaces, Healthy Families Act of 2014" ("HWHFA") (<u>AB 1522</u>) to provide protection to California employees to ensure, among other things, that they are able to address their own health needs and those of their families.
- This new law is effective July 1, 2015, and requires California employers to provide paid sick leave benefits to their employees.

## WHAT DOES THE LAW REQUIRE?

- Displaying a <u>poster addressing employees' rights for mandatory sick time pay</u>; poster should be in a prominent location where employees can easily access and read the notice.
- Providing a written <u>notice to newly hired employees of paid sick leave rights</u> at the time of hire.
- Providing an accrual of sick time or paid time off for employees
  - Including part-time and temporary employees to earn at least one hour of paid leave for every 30 hours worked.
  - Alternatively, employers may provide at least 24 hours or three (3) days at the beginning
    of a 12-month period of paid sick leave for each eligible employee to use per year
    (calendar year or other designated 12-month basis).
  - Accrual begins on the first day of employment or July 1, 2015, whichever is later.
- Allowing eligible employees to use accrued paid sick leave upon reasonable request beginning on or after the 90<sup>th</sup> day of employment. An employer may limit an employee's use of paid sick days to 24 hours or three (3) days in each year of employment.

# WHAT DOES THE LAW REQUIRE? CONTINUED...

- Providing written notice to employees every payday of the amount of sick time the employee has accrued and has available for use; this may be on a pay stub or a document issued the same day as a paycheck.
- Maintaining employment records going back three years showing hours worked, paid sick time accrued and paid sick time used.
- HWHFA also defines certain key terms including "employer," "employee," and
   "family member," and provides specific guidance regarding the allowable uses of
   accrued sick time. It is extremely important that you take the time now to
   understand HWHFA's impact on your company, and to take the necessary steps to
   ensure appropriate compliance with this law.

# **HOW IS THE LAW ENFORCED?**

The law assigns enforcement authority to the California Labor Commissioner, the agency that already has enforcement power over California employee wage claims, and the California Attorney General.

#### WHAT ARE THE FINES AND PENALTIES?

Employers that violate the law can face up to three times the unpaid sick pay due and administrative fines that vary from \$50 to \$4,000 per violation, depending on the nature of the violation. The law also authorizes the Labor Commissioner or the Attorney General to recover civil penalties, attorneys' fees, costs, and interest against violating employers, as well as to reinstate employees.

#### WHERE SHOULD I GO FOR MORE INFORMATION?

Michael & Company, CPA A PC

Phone: 559.436.8907 ~ Fresno or 408.333.9802 ~ San Jose

Email: <u>bmichael@bmichaelcpa.com</u>

Websites: www.bmichaelcpa.com

Dentists can visit <u>www.onlyfordentists.com</u>

- Additional information and resources are available on California's website under the Division of Labor Standards Enforcement at <a href="http://www.dir.ca.gov/dlse/ab1522.html">http://www.dir.ca.gov/dlse/ab1522.html</a>
- We also strongly encourage you to consult with legal counsel experienced in employment practice matters to review your company's compliance with the requirements of the HWHFA and to assist you if revisions need to be made to your policies and procedures to ensure compliance with the new law and to mitigate potential legal exposures to your business.

### THANK YOU FOR ATTENDING THIS PRESENTATION